


Language Analysis Sheet - Grammar

Item: I work at academy.	Anticipated Problems	Possible solutions
<p>Meaning: She works for an academy. She's job is working at academy. She's working place is academy. She earns money by working at academy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When we use the present simple, there are time expressions such as every day, on Sundays, in the morning, always, once a week. : 'Where do you work?' 'I work at academy.' 'I go to academy for a work every day' When we use the present simple, it means Repeated actions and Facts. 	<p>Students may feel difficulty to use of proper time expressions between simple present vs. present progressive.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simple present Time Expressions : <i>every day, on Sundays, in the morning, always once a week.</i> Present Progress Time Expressions : <i>now, right now, at the moment, this Sunday, this weekend.</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a timeline.  Show the different time expressions and ask a few questions so that students could figure out the differences by themselves. CCQs (1) Do you go to church on Sundays? : (Yes, I go to church on Sundays.) (2) Do you go to school every day? : (Yes, I go to school every day.) (3) Where are you going now? (restroom) (4) What are you going to do this Sunday? : (I am going to camping with my family.)
<p>Form: 1. Positive I/You/We/They + verb: 'I work at academy.' He/She/It + the verb always ends in -s: 'He works at academy.'</p> <p>2. Negative I/You/We/They + do not + verb: 'I don't work at academy.' He/She/It + does not + verb: 'He does not work at academy.'</p> <p>3. Questions: Do + I/You/We/They +verb: 'Do I work at academy?' Does + He/She/It + verb: 'Does he work at academy?'</p>	<p>The different use of third person singular.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the third person singular the verb always ends in -s : 'he wants, she needs, he gives, it shows.' 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only give brief explanation by using substitution table. I/you/we/they + read, like, work, live, watch, do, have He/she/it + reads, likes, works, lives, watches, does, has Prepare another lecture if students feel confused continuously.(refer to the feedback from students)
<p>Pronunciation: (America English.)</p> <p>/aɪ wɜːrk ət əˈkædəmi /</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The differences between work and walk. / wɜːrk/ /wɔːk/ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Board the model sentences and prepare audio for listening practice. (1) I work at academy. (2) Let's go for a walk. Drill chorally and individually.